Madam Speaker, on Friday,

the International Atomic Energy

Agency submitted a report on the Iranian

nuclear program. After producing

low-enriched uranium at a rate of 40

kilograms per month over a 21-month

period, Iran has now increased its

stockpile by 60 percent in just the last

6 months, doubling its rate to over 80

kilograms per month.

With 5,000 centrifuges now active,

Iran is producing enough enriched uranium

to produce two nuclear weapons

per year, one for them, one for

Hezbollah.

The IAEA now reports that Iran has

denied inspectors access to the Arak

heavy water reactor since August of

2008, where we suspect they will try to

produce plutonium.

Mr. Moussavi, the leading candidate

for President in Iran, told Der Spiegel,

I will not suspend uranium enrichment.

On April 13 he said to the Financial

Times, No one will stop suspension.

No matter who wins the Iranian elections

on Friday, we know that the production

of fissile material useful in

this oil-producing country only for nuclear

weapons is accelerating.